



Document Version : 2.2

Date : 2005/11/23

Product Description: T315XW01\_V5 TFT-LCD PANEL

AUO Model Name: T315XW01 V5

Extension Model: T315XW01 V5/A (AUO internal control model)

Customer Part No/Project Name:

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Document Version : 2.2

Date : 2005/11/23

## Product Specifications

**31.5" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module**  
**Model Name: T315XW01 V5**  
**(T315XW01 V5/A)**

( ) Preliminary Specifications  
(\*) Final Specifications



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## **Record of Revision**

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## 1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.51 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315XW01 V5. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.51 inch. This module supports 1366x768 XGA-WIDE mode (Non-interlace). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T315XW01 V5 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

### \* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.51 inches		
Display Area	697.68 (H) x 392.26(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	760.0(H) x 450.0(V) x 45(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1366 x 768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.51075	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H		



## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

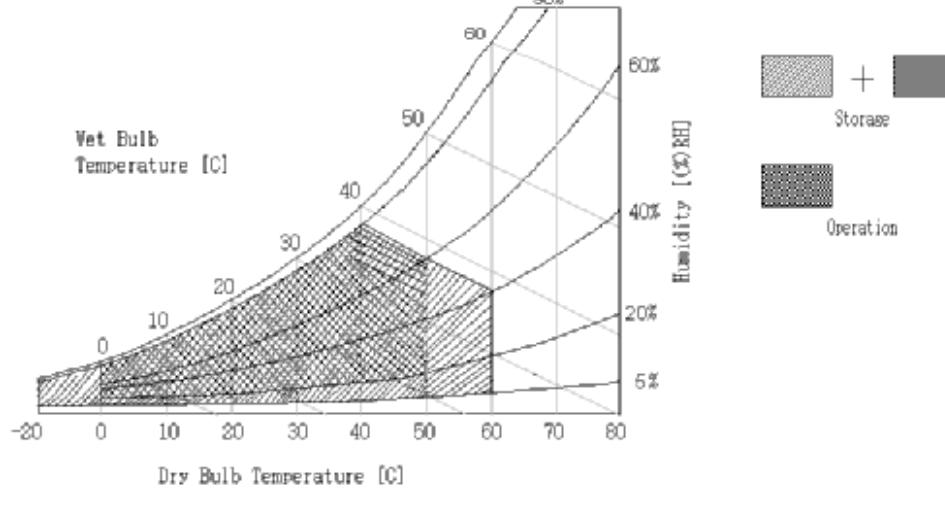
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause permanent damage to the unit.

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	7.0	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	3.6	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	27	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	VBLON	-0.3	7.0	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2

Note 1 : Duration = 50msec

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.

Note 3 :The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C.





### 3. Electrical Specification

The T315XW01 V5 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the BLU, is to power inverter..

#### 3-1 Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
LCD:						
Power Supply Input Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	Vdc	
Power Supply Input Current	Icc	-	1.2	1.5	A	1
Power Consumption	Pc	-	6.0	7.5	Watt	1
Inrush Current	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	5	Apeak	2
LVDS Interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	VTH		+100	mV	3
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	VTL	-100		mV	3
	Common Input Voltage	VICM	1.10	1.25	1.40	V
CMOS Interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	VIH (High)	2.4		3.3	Vdc
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIL (Low)	0		0.7	Vdc
Backlight Power consumption	Pbl		108	116	Watt	
Life Time		60,000			Hours	4

#### Note :

1. Vcc=5.0V,  $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$ , fCLK=81.5Mhz , 25°C, Test Pattern : White Pattern
2. test condition : Max I<sub>rush</sub>=5A; Δt=500 us
3. VICM = 1.2V
4. The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the



lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

5. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
6. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.

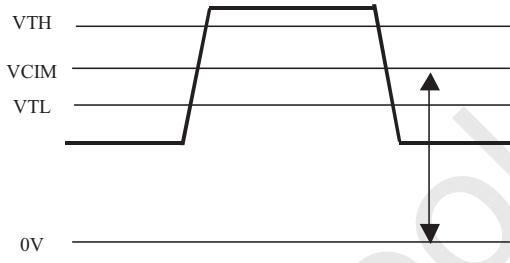


Figure : LVDS Differential Voltage



### 3-2 Interface Connections

- LCD connector (CN3): JAE FI-E30S Mating connector: JAE FI-E30HL
- LVDS Transmitter: SN75LVDS83(Texas Instruments) or equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Description	note
1	Reserved	Open or High	Auo internal test pin
2	Reserved	Open or High	Auo internal test pin
3	Reserved	Open or High	Auo internal test pin
4	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
5	RXIN0-	LVDS Channel 0 negative	
6	RXIN0+	LVDS Channel 0 positive	
7	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
8	RXIN1-	LVDS Channel 1 negative	
9	RXIN1+	LVDS Channel 1 positive	
10	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
11	RXIN2-	LVDS Channel 2 negative	
12	RXIN2+	LVDS Channel 2 positive	
13	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
14	RXCLKIN-	LVDS Clock negative	
15	RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock positive	
16	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
17	RXIN3-	LVDS Channel 3 negative	
18	RXIN3+	LVDS Channel 3 positive	
19	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
20	Reserved	Open or High	Auo internal test pin
21	LVDS Option	Low for JEIDA , High/Open for Normal (NS)	
22	Reserved	Open or Low	Auo internal test pin
23	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
24	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
25	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
26	Vcc	5V, DC, Regulated	
27	Vcc	5V, DC, Regulated	
28	Vcc	5V, DC, Regulated	
29	Vcc	5V, DC, Regulated	
30	Vcc	5V, DC, Regulated	

**Note:**

1. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame. All Vcc (power input) pins should be connected together.

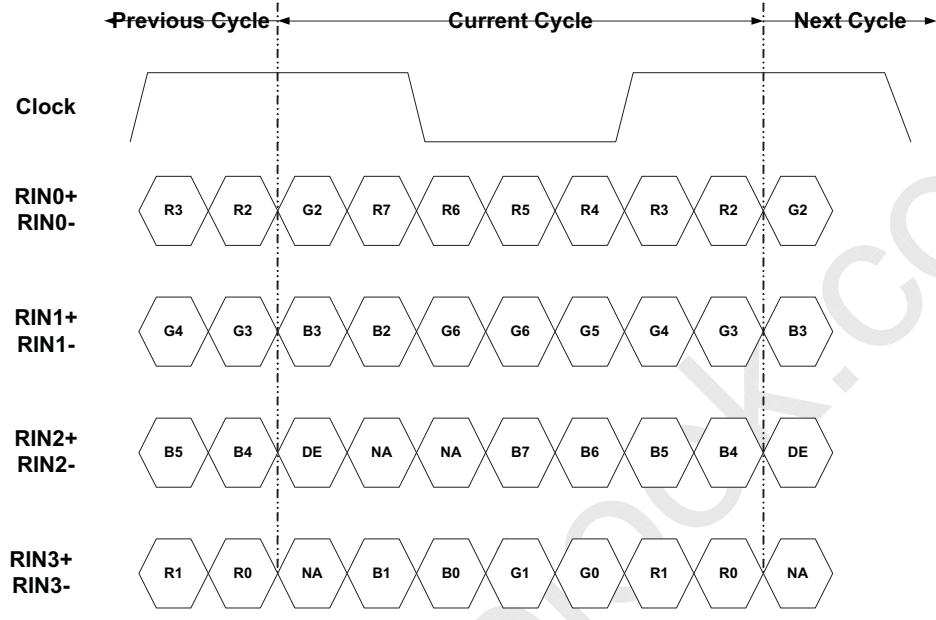
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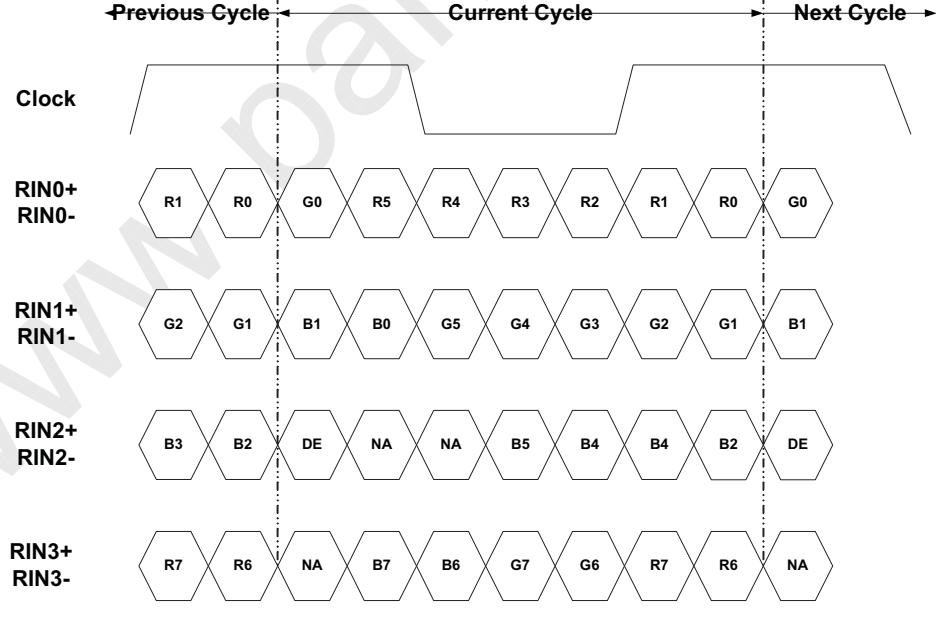
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**LVDS Option = L (GND)**



**LVDS Option = H (3.3V) or Open**



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## BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION -

### 1 · Electrical specification

Item	Symb.	Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
			Min	Typ	Max		
Input Voltage	VDDB	---	21.6	24.0	26.4	VDC	
Input Current	IDDB	VDDB=24V	4.0	4.5	4.9	ADC	1
Input Power	PDDB	VDDB=24V	---	108	116	W	1
Inrush Current	IRUSH	VDDB=24V	---	---	(6.0)	ADC	2
Output Frequency	FBL	VDDB=24V	43.0	44.5	46.0	KHz	
On/Off Control Voltage	VBLO	ON	VDDB=24V	2.0	---	5.25	VDC
		OFF	VDDB=24V	0.0	---	0.7	
On/Off Control Current	IBLO	VDDB=24V	0.0	---	1.5	mADC	
PWM Selection	WM Selection	High	VDDB=24V	2.0	---	5.25	VDC
		Low	VDDB=24V	0.0	---	0.7	VDC
Dimming Control Voltage	VDIM	MAX	VDDB=24V	---	0	---	VDC
		MIN	VDDB=24V	---	3.3	---	
Dimming Control Current	I_DIM	MIN	VDDB=24V	---	---	1.5	mADC
External PWM Control Voltage	V_EPWM	MAX	---	3.0	---	5.0	VDC
		MIN	---	0.0	---	0.8	
External PWM Control Current	I_EPWM	---	---	---	---	1.5	mADC
External PWM Duty Ratio	D_EPWM	---	50	---	100	%	
External PWM Frequency	F_EPWM	---	120	180	240	Hz	

Note1 : VDIM= 0V; EPWM = Open/High; ( Ta=25±5°C , Turn on for 45minutes )

Note 2 : Duration = 20 ms;

### 2 · Input specification

CN1: JST PHR-14 or CIVILUX- CI0114MIHR0-LF

No	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
2	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
3	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
4	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
5	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
6	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	GND	Ground
10	GND	Ground
11	VDIM (LCD Bright)	Dimming control signal input (0~3.3V) (GND: Maximum brightness)

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12	VBLON (Enable Pin)	On/Off control Signal; High: On; Low: Off
13	EPWM	External PWM input for dimming control (If do not use, please leave it open. Connect to GND will enter protection mode)
14	PWM-Selection	High : internal PWM(Pin 11), Low/Open : external PWM (Pin 13)



### 3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

\* Timing Table

DE only Mode

Vertical Frequency Range A

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit
Vertical Section	Period	Tv	789	806	822	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)		768		Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	21	38	54	Th
Horizontal Section	Period	Th	1414	1560	1722	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)		1366		Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	48	194	356	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	1/Tclk	65	76	88	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Freq	58	60	62	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Freq	47.32		49.32	KHz

Vertical Frequency Range B

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit
Vertical Section	Period	Tv	789	806	822	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)		768		Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	21	38	54	Th
Horizontal Section	Period	Th	1414	1560	1722	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)		1366		Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	48	194	356	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	1/Tclk	54	63	74	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Freq	48	50	52	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Freq	39.45		41.10	KHz

1.) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the falling edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK right after the rise of ENAB, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

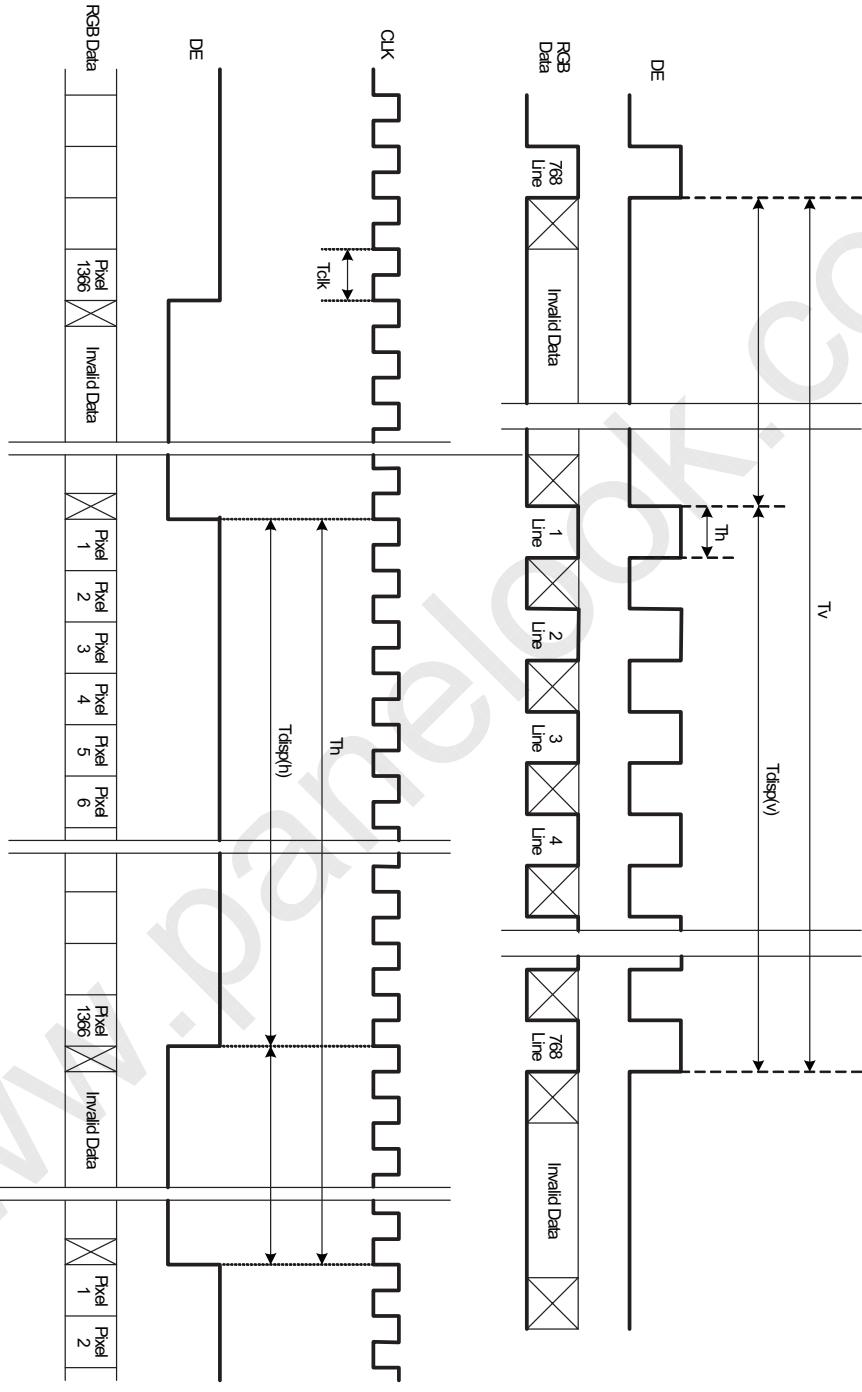
Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a “Low” level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of ENAB is displayed at the top line of screen.

3.) If a period of DEB “High” is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.

4.) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE “High” and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



### 3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms



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### 3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

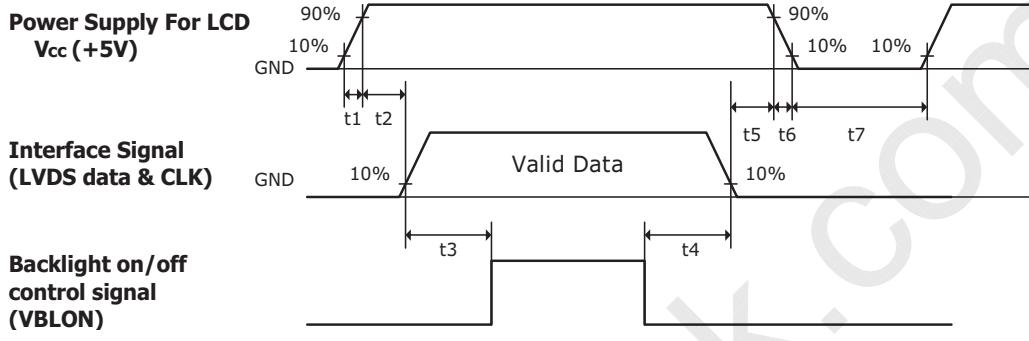
COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																								
		RED								GREEN								BLUE								
		MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	---																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	---																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	---																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



### 3-6 Power Sequence for LCD Module

#### 3.6.1 Power Sequence for LCD

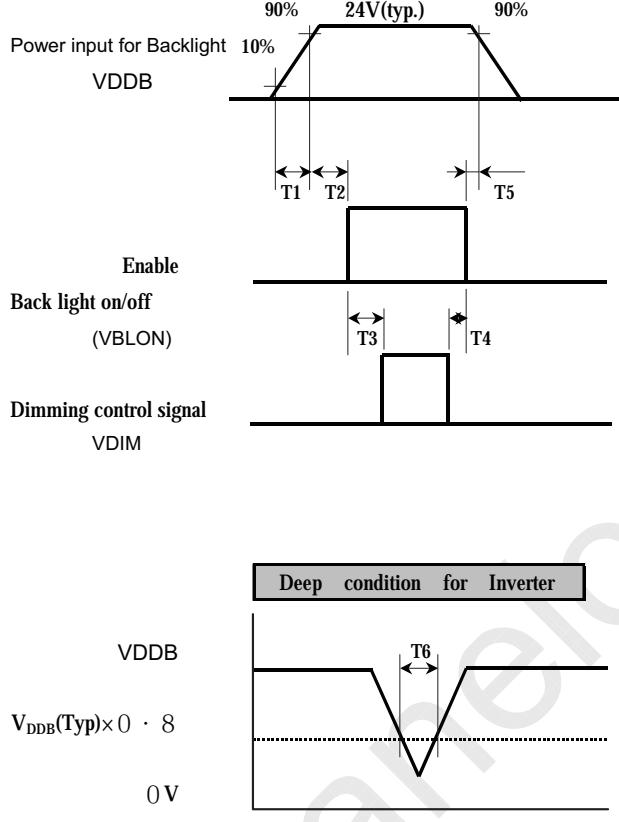


Parameter	Values			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$t_1$	470	-	1000	us
$t_2$	20	-	100	ms
$t_3$	800	-	-	ms
$t_4$	200	-	-	ms
$t_5$	50	-	-	ms
$t_6$	0.47	-	30	ms
$t_7$	1	-	-	s

- (1) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back-light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.



### 3.6.2 Power Sequence for Inverter



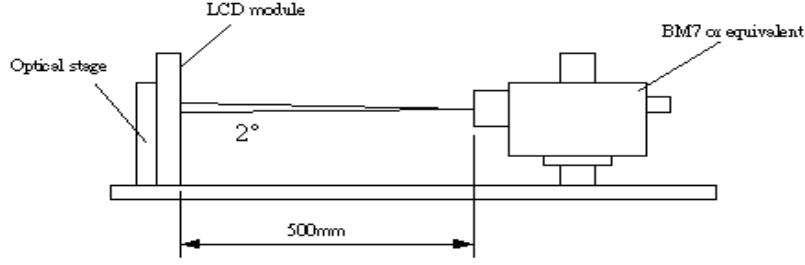
Parameter	Values			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
T3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
T6	-	-	10	ms



## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter	Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio	CR	1000	1200			1
Surface Luminance, white	LWH	400	500		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{WHITE}$	9 p		1.40		3
Response Time	Tr <sub>R</sub>		15	18	ms	4
Time	Tr <sub>D</sub>		5	7	ms	
	T <sub>γ</sub>		8	35	ms	
Color Coordinates						
	RED	R <sub>X</sub>	0.640			
		R <sub>Y</sub>	0.330			
	GREEN	G <sub>X</sub>	0.29			
		G <sub>Y</sub>	0.600			
	BLUE	B <sub>X</sub>	Typ.-0.03		Typ.+0.03	
		B <sub>Y</sub>	0.150			
	WHITE	W <sub>X</sub>	0.280			
		W <sub>Y</sub>	0.290			
Viewing Angle						
x axis, right( $\varphi = 0^\circ$ )	$\theta_r$	88			Degree	5
x axis, left( $\varphi = 180^\circ$ )	$\theta_l$	88				
y axis, up( $\varphi = 90^\circ$ )	$\theta_u$	88				
y axis, down ( $\varphi = 0^\circ$ )	$\theta_d$	88				

**Note:**

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

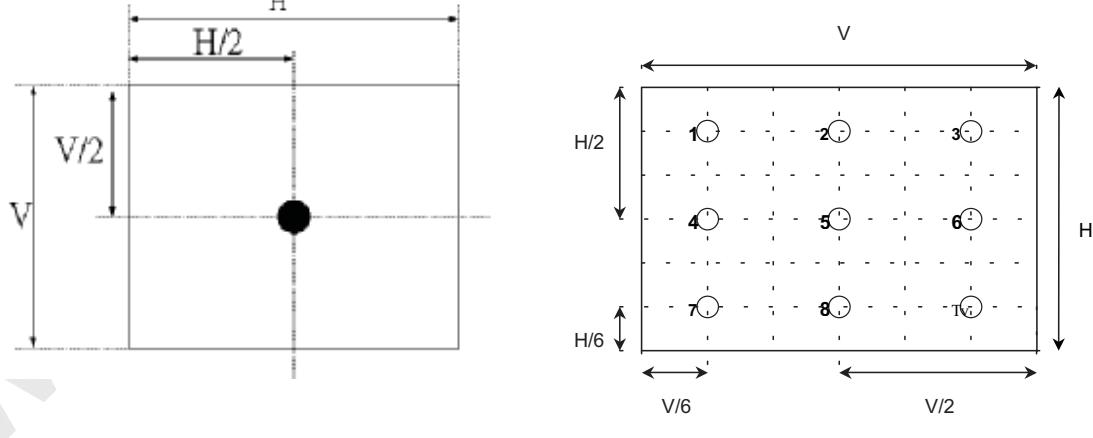
$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{on1}}{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{off1}}$$

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When VDDB = 24V, IDDB = 5A.  $L_{WH}=L_{on1}$   
Where  $L_{on1}$  is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.

3. The variation in surface luminance,  $\delta$  WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

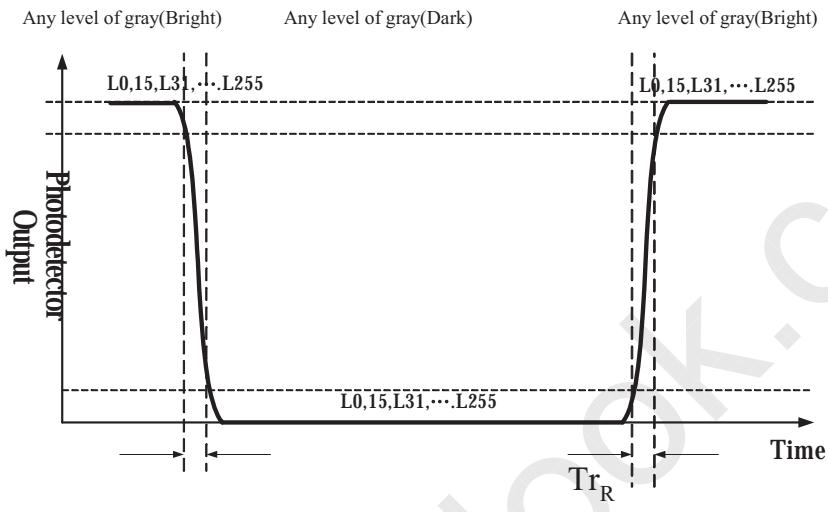
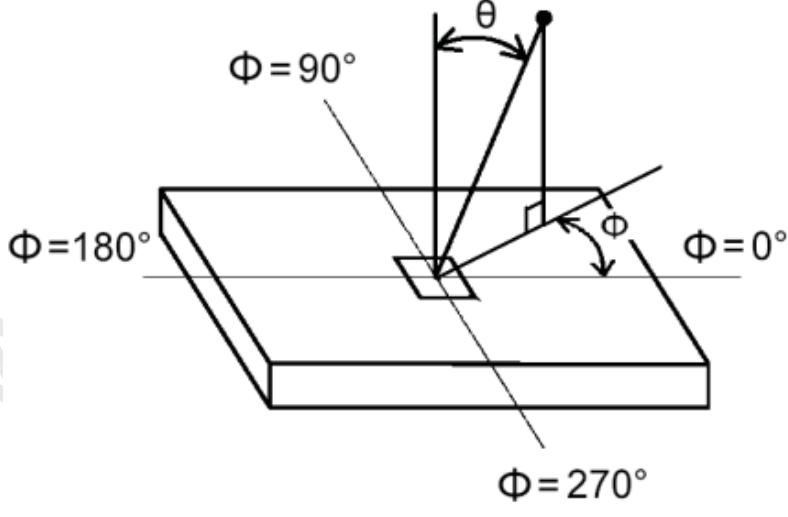
$$\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots, L_{on9}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots, L_{on9})$$

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white(Rise Time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from white to black (Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG3.
5.  $T\gamma$  is the response time between any two gray scale and is based on  $f_v=60Hz$  to optimize.
6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface.  
For more information see FIG4.

**FIG. 2 Luminance**

**FIG.3 Response Time**

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “any level of gray(bright) “ and “any level of gray(dark)”.

**FIG.4 Viewing angle**



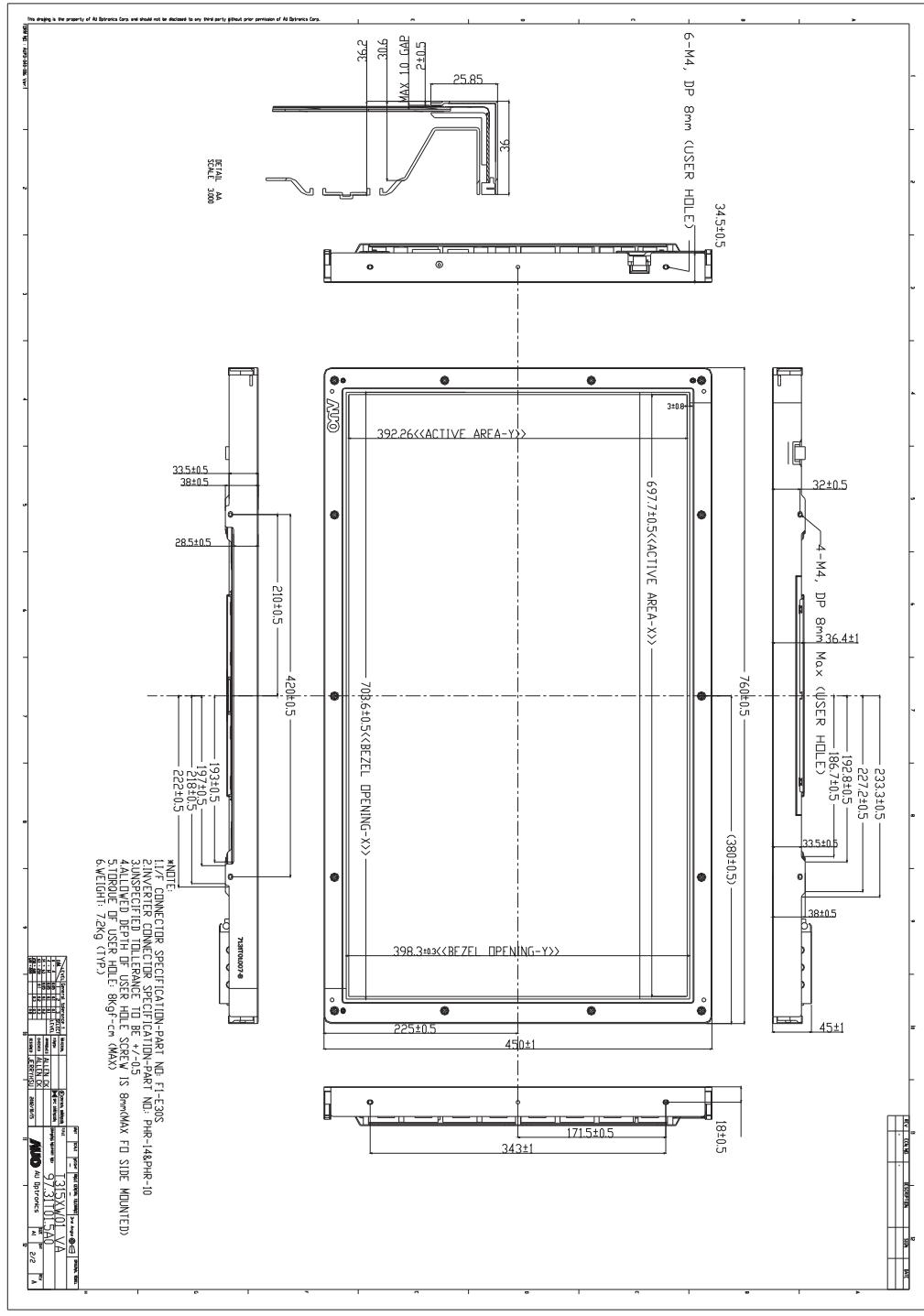
## 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T315XW01 V5. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	760.0mm
	Vertical	450.0mm
	Depth	45mm
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	703.6mm
	Vertical	398.3mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	697.68mm
	Vertical	392.26mm
Weight	7200g Typ.	
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H	



## Front View



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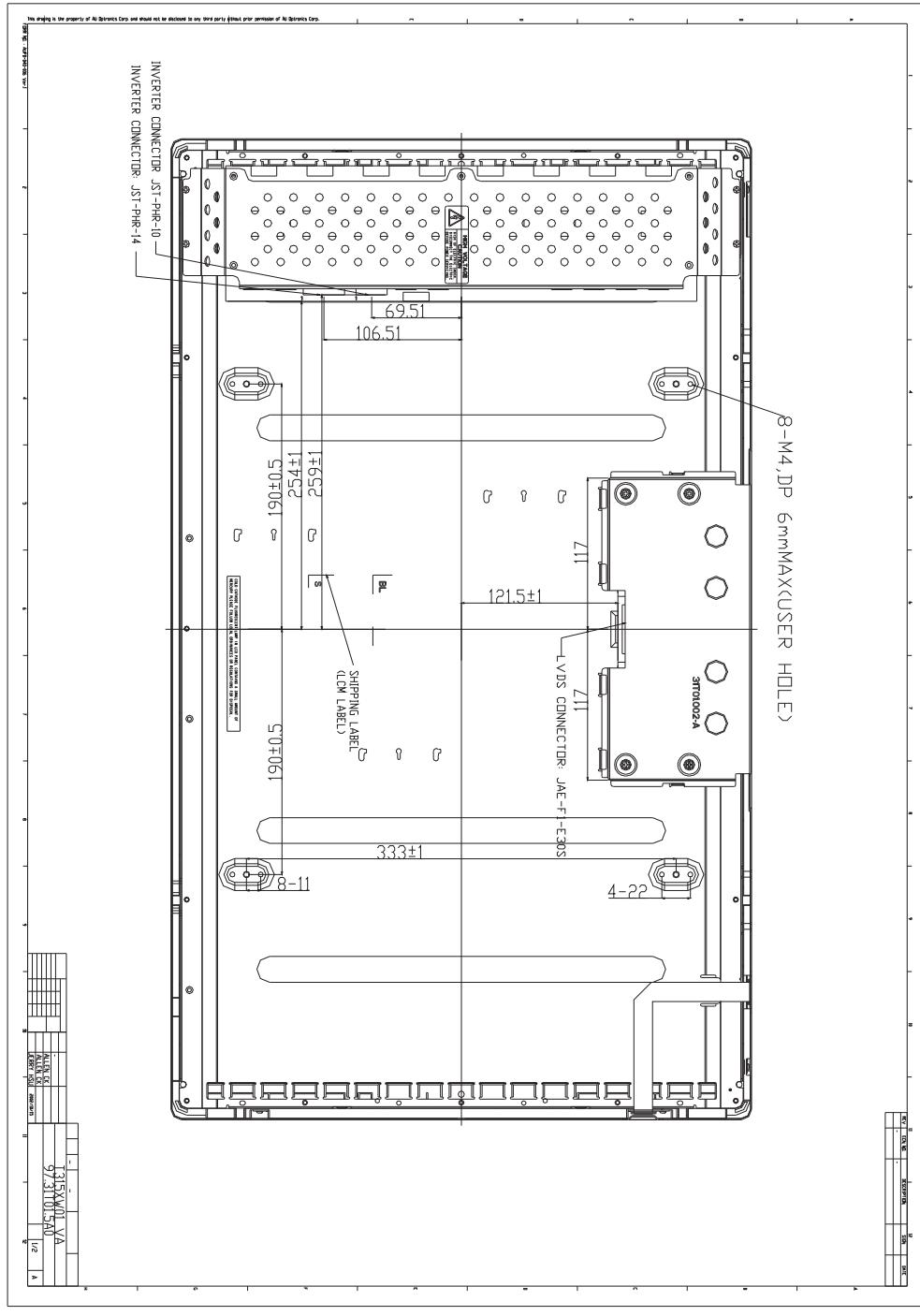
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### Rear View



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## 6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 80%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form: random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-500Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 20min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level: 50G Waveform: half sine wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction
7	Vibration test (with carton)	Random Vibration:10~200Hz,1.5G,30minutes in each X,Y,Z direction
8	Drop test (with carton)	Height: 53.3cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)



## 7. International Standard

### 7-1. Safety

- (1) UL1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995  
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95/60950 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association,  
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- (3) EN60950 : 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997  
IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996  
European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)  
EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical  
Business Equipment.

### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz." American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



## 8. Packing

Panel Label:



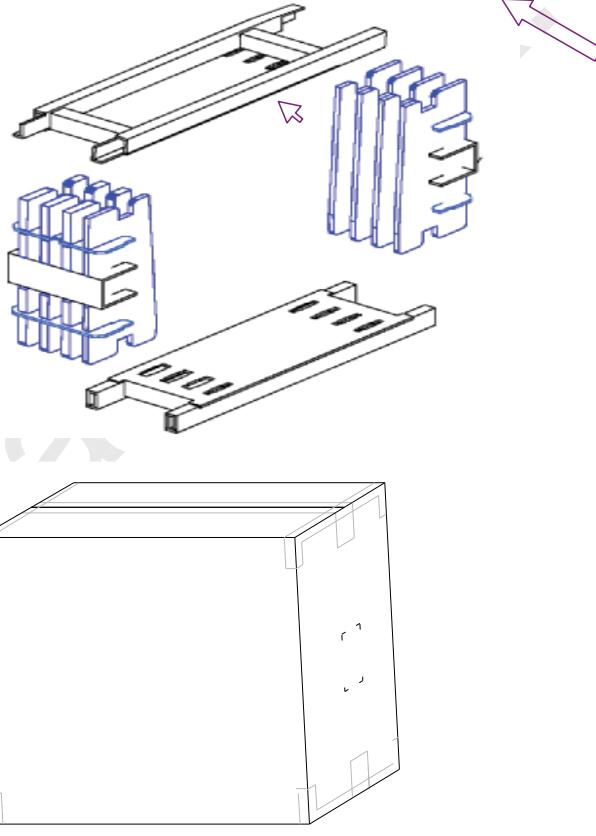
Carton Label :





Carton :

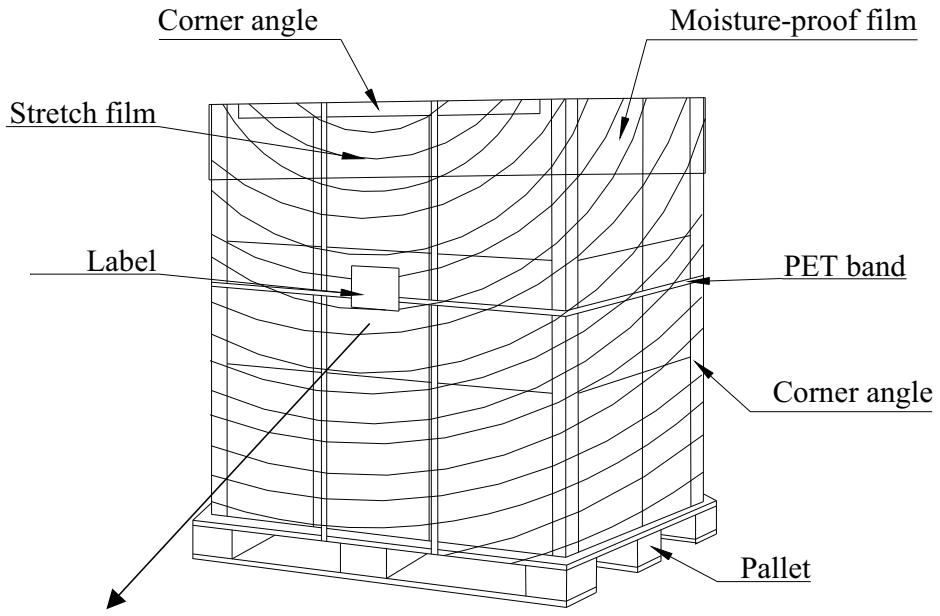
3pcs Modules



947(L)mm \* 290(W)mm \* 595(H)mm



Pallet



PALLET NO:  
INV NO:  
DESCRIPTION: 32" TFT LCD PANEL



## 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

### 9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

### 9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:  
 $V=\pm 200mV$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.



### 9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

### 9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

### 9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.